W. MOSES and B. MOSES sons,

F ST., COR. 11TH.

Furniture Factory, 14th and B. Storage Warehouse, 22d and M. Mattress and Couch Factory, 1226 F st. BORDERED

CARPETS Far Under Value.

Flores E have always sold Bordered Carpets materially under what the carpet in them was worth, and this sale makes a reduction that still further increases values. There are 2,000 Bordered Carpets to be disposed of, and they're low enough in price to give you every

Bordered Carpets.

Carpet Rugs in Brussels, Velvets and Axminsterssize 6 ft. wide and 12 ft. long. 16 Rugs in the lot, at \$4.50, \$6.75 and \$7.75.

reason to buy them at once.

Brussels Rugs.

8 ft.	3 in.x12 ft\$24.00	\$18.25
8 ft.	3 in.x10 ft\$20.50	\$16.75
8 ft.	3 in.x13 ft. 6 in.\$27.50	\$21.75
8 ft.	3 in.x10 ft. 7 in.\$23.00	\$16.50
8 ft.	3 in.x12 ft\$20.00	\$12.25
Velvet Rugs.		

ft. 3 in.x11 ft. 9 in.\$38.00 8 ft. 3 in.x8 ft. 3 in..\$28.50

ft. 3 in.x12 ft. 7 in.\$40.00

8 ft. 3 in.x11 ft......\$25.20

Were. Sale price 8 ft. 3 in.x15 ft. 3 in.\$35.10 \$16.25

\$25.75 \$21.75

Axminster	Rugs.
W	ere. Sale pric
8 ft. 3 in.x10 ft. 5 in.\$:	24.00 \$11.25
8 ft. 3 in.x12 ft. 3 in.\$3	31.50 \$20.50
8 ft. 3 in.x12 ft\$2	27.00 \$22.75
8 ft. 3 in.x12 ft\$2	29.00 \$20.50
8 ft. 3 in.x12 ft. 6 in.\$3	31.50 \$20.75

Brussels Carpet Rugs. Were. Sale price 10 ft. 6 in.x13 ft.4 in.\$29.60 \$24.50 \$20.75 10 ft. 6 in.x13 ft....\$32.40 \$24.50 10 ft. 6 in.x13 ft.....\$32.40 \$24.50 10 ft. 6 in.x12 ft.....\$27.50 \$19.75 10 ft. 6 in.x16 ft. 6 in.\$32.00 \$27.50

Velvet Rugs.

Were. Sale price 10 ft. 6 in.x11 ft. 1 in.\$31.05 \$23.75 10 ft. 6 in.x12 ft.....\$30.00 \$22.50 10 ft, 6 in.x12 ft.....\$30,00 10 ft, 6 in.x15 ft.....\$40,50 10 ft, 6 in.x11 ft, 6 in.\$41,00 10 ft. 6 in.x12 ft.....\$36.40 Axminster Rugs.

Were. Sale pric 10 ft. 6ln.x12 ft. 11 in.\$38.75 \$26.75 10 ft. 6 in.x13 ft. 9 in.\$37.95 \$26.25 10 ft. 6 in.x12 ft.....\$38.40 10 ft. 6 in.x11 ft.6in.\$45.60 \$26,50 10 ft. 6 in x14 ft. 8 in \$40 50 \$27 50

W. B. MOSES & SONS, F ST., COR, 11TH. 808000000000000000000000

OLD WATER PAINT. Simply mix with cold water and apply with brush, same as any other paint. Excellent coating for plastered Geo. E. Corbett, 527 10th st. Phone M. 1786-Y.

"WHAT'S IN A NAME?" Contest continues until July 15.

THINK

A \$650 Instrument Free For the Best Suggestion.

Every one is invited to send in a sugges-ion. Costs nothing. You can suggest as many names as you wish, but write only one on a coupon. Cou-

COUPON.

Suggestion Have you a Plano? What

Deposit coupon yourself at store, 1206 G st.



1206 G Street.

Quality

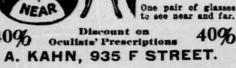
W. H. Butler Co., 607-09 C st. n. v. Phone M. 1751.

Our fine Bakery Goods are served in our Luncheon Dept.

THE SEASON'S DESSERT

Is the Reeves Cherry Pie. The most perfect specimen of its kind ever baked.

Fine, ripe, seeded cherries, well cooked—and placed delicious of crusts.



OBERLIN GRADUATING ADDRESS. Scathing Rebuke to Men Who Abuse

Public Confidence. OBERLIN, Ohio, June 28 .- James B. Dill of New York, in the course of an address to the graduating class of Oberlin College today delivered a scathing rebuke to men who misuse positions of honor and trust for purposes of personal gain. In urging his hearers to go "back to beginnings" Mr. Dill contended that "grafting," which was gemery county affair, but Mayor Garrett, foreign to the true American character, had in his invitations, has asked all to come been developed by the mad rush for wealth and lend their presence toward making the and the recognition of false standards by gathering a success in every way, and right educated men in the competitive struggle for business power and social prominence. "A large part of our modern prosperity, he said, "is to a perilously large extent bot-tomed upon an over-production of fraud

and sham. The crisis is acute. A feeling of distrust is growing throughout the country. Many branches of financial business have been in one way or another taken possession of by the unscrupulous for the purpose of deceiving the unwary. Trust com-panies have been made the mediums of the dotation of specious and fraudulent promo-

"Some companies in the field of life in-surance, the highest and in a sense a sacred from of investment, are, as we all know now, conduits through which the savings of the policyholders are diverted into operations for speculative purposes.

"Credit and good faith, not money, are the basis of business. Good or bad, our modern prosperity is founded on public confidence. Take that away and the whole fabric falls.

The fact is that the unprecedented material growth of the country, the resulting creation of immense private fortunes, the massing of great aggregations of corporate capital, industrial combinations and rallroad mergers—all have tended to concentrate the attention of the people upon great financial achievements and to establish in the-highest place in the popular estimation the captains of industry and the powerful finan-ciers, little regard being paid, in making up the judgment, to the fundamental virtues in private individual life.

"Now whose fault is this? It is ours. It is the fault of public opinion, and public opinion is our opinion, yours and mineyours of me, mine of you, ours of all the rest. We have to learn to recognize graft and the grafters, however respectable their disguise, and to punish them, not alone by imprisonment and fine, but with all the might of the terrible scorn of society. We have to recognize that the seeds of socialsm, revolution and anarchy are sown by the man of our own class and kind who pretends to be what he is not; these seeds are cultivated by the grafting bank officer. insurance officer, man in power in financial organization—in short, by every grafter who In his dealings with the public departs openly or secretly from old-fashioned Ten-

ommandment honesty. "This indictment of our business life is not based upon an inherent incurable de-fect in our American character, but, on the ontrary, these evils are an outgrowth of our American strenuosity in the riotous race for the easy dollar and the many dol-lars. In the hearts of the genuine men and women of our country there is an appreciation of the importance of character; the rank and file of the American people not only believe in, but also stand for right living and a conscience undimmed and unfet-

ered by business environments. "Therefore, right and honesty will tri-umph, a saturnalia of graft and an era of grab will find itself short lived, speedily to be ended by the uplifting influences of edu-cated men and women of character."

SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS. Voted to Meet Next Year at Louis-

ville, Ky. At the international Sunday school convention at Toronto, Ontario, vesterday. Rev. Joseph Clark of Columbus, Ohio, general secretary of Ohio Sunday School Association, spoke on "the touring plan for state and county work." Interesting discusslons followed a paper on "Evangelistic Work," read by Rev. John O. Carman, Denver, Col., general secretary of the Colorado Sunday School Association. Rev. William Church, Chicago, followed with an address on "The Bible and Life." "House-to-house visitation" was urged by Hugh Cook, stu-dent secretary, Philadelphia. It was decided to hold the next convention at Louis-

DEGREES AT YALE.

669 Candidates Honored at Today's

Formal Exercises NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 28 .- Degrees were awarded to 669 candidates at Yale today in connection with the formal exercises which annually mark the closing day of the commencement week festivities in New Haven. The weather was ideal, bringing cut commencement guests in large numbers, and the spacious auditorium of Woolsey Hall was entirely filled after the longgewned procession of faculty members, graduates and candidates for degrees had passed to the seats reserved for them. The list of honorary degrees bestowed included the following: Doctor of laws-August S: Gaudens, sculptor; Edwin Anderson Alderman, president of the University of Vir-ginia; Dr. Abraham Jacobi, emeritus professor of diseases of children in the college of physicians and surgeons, Columbia University. New York city.

Doctor of music-Sir Edward Elgar, musical composer. Doctor of divinity-Rt. Rev. Frederic William Keator, Yale, '75, Protestant Epis-copal bishop of Olympia, Wash. Doctor of science—Prof. George Ellery

Hale, director of the Yerkes Observatory niversity of Chicago. Master of arts-Henry Waters Taft, Yale '80. Mr. Taft is a brother of the Secretary James W. Pinchot, one of the founders

of the Yale forest school. Declined Cabinet Post.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 28.-Vice Admiral Chouknin, commander of the Black Sea fleet, has declined to accept the post of minister of marine in succession to Admiral Avellan, who recently resigned.

Claims Secret of Living Forever. The possibility of everlasting life lies in

diet, according to Prof. Albert P. Mathews of the University of Chicago, in an article on "What Is Death?" in the current issue of the World Today. The professor argues that by the institution of the new system of dietetics now being formulated, by means of which the exact chemical needs of the body are to be supplied, immortality for body and soul will be effected. Says Prof. Mathews: "What happens in the body at death? In the first place there is no gradual moment of death. We are gradually dying for years. The moment which is ordinarily ascribed to death is when breathing stops; but this is purely arbitrary and the survival of an old belief that when life was drawn in with the breath the soul passed out in the breath."

Returned With Fortune to Pay Debts. Grant G. Gillette, widely known as the "cattle king." who, it is alleged, fled from Kansas in November, 1898, after having raised money by mortgaging thousands of cattle belonging to others, of which he was in charge, returned to Denver three days ago. Keeping his coming a secret, he located two Denver creditors and paid them every cent due them. His creditors were Mrs. Alvin C. Dake and Edgar A. Keeler, who received \$150,000, though neither ex-

pected to realize a cent. During the eight years he was absent in Mexico, Gillette made a fortune. It is re-ported that from gold, silver and lead mines in the Parral district, state of Chihuahua. Mexico, he has made \$7,000,000. It is cer-

GLEN ECHO PICNIC. Town Authorities Conducting an Elab-

orate Entertainment. The citizens of Glen Echo, Md., under the leadership of Mayor John Garrett, are giving an old-time southern picnic this afternoon, at which at least forty candidates for office are present, and from whose ranks the speakers of the day were chosen. It is what some regarded as strictly as a Montwell his plans succeeded; by 1 o'clock at least 500 persons had arrived, and as many more will probably be present before the affair closes at 12 o'clock tonight.

All the attractions of Glen Echo Park, including the shooting gallery and various other places of amusement, are open, and the children have been given the privileges of the large picnic grounds for all the pleasure they can get. The fried chicken for which Maryland is famous is provided in plenty, and there will be no good reason if any one goes home without enough to eat. The picnic is being given by Mayor Garrett and the citizens of the town in the effort to start the fund for the building of

the new school hall, which will be two torium and the lower floor for a library. The town has been very much in need of this building. It is conceded, and the efforts of the mayor and citizens to raise the fund is applauded. Everything to eat that is offered for sale has been donated by the citizens, and the ladies have charge of all the booths which are scattered throughout the large dancing pavilion, which is located in the center of the beautiful park. Luncheon will be served at all hours during the afternoon, and this evening supper will be served in many of the booths. A game of base ball will take place this afternoon on the athletic grounds be-tween the team representing Glen Echo and the Trinity team of the Marquette League of this city. As both of the teams have done good work throughout this season a good game is assured. There will be plenty of Glen Echo rooters and the boys from Trinity will also have a delegation which will accompany them from this city in time to play the game promptly at 4

The ladies of Glen Echo who are aiding Mayor Garrett and the citizens in their work are doing valiant service, and the success of the affair has been largely due to their untiring efforts in preparing for the picnic. Those who are in attendance today and in charge of the various booths are Mrs. William H. Roach, Mrs. Walter C. Carroll, Mrs. D. W. Houghton, Mrs. W. Irving Calvin, Mrs. Ellen H. Garrett, Mrs. E. Bruce Aldrich, Mrs. Louise Welch, Mrs. A. Wester, Mrs. Corres W. Mrs. Thomas A. Weaver, Mrs. George W. O'Brien and the Misses Lila Walsh and

SWEDES CONDEMN NORWEGIANS. Strong Speeches in Riksdag-Commit-

tees on Dissolution Question. A cablegram from Stockholm says: King Oscar has authorized the marshal of the kingdom to announce that he refuses to accede to the storthing's request that he allow a prince of the house of Bernadotte to accept the Norwegian crown. King Oscar will consider the question only if the Swe dish riksdag requests him to do so.

Both houses of the riksdag yesterday elected extraordinary committees, to which were referred the government bill looking to a settlement with Norway. The senate committee consists of nine anti-government and three pro-government members and the house committee of five pro-government, five anti-government and two independent

The debates on the remission of the bill brought out flery speeches, in which the action of the Norwegian storthing was condemned and the Swedish cabinet severely criticised. The tenor of the speeches throughout the debate in both houses leaves the impression that the majority of the speakers were of the opinion that a peace-ful solution of the difficulty was extremely improbable. In the senate Judge C. A. Berg, who initiated the debate, said:

union, which is valueless to us under existing conditions, but the riksdag does not recognize the illegal and revolutionary breach of the union, and does not recognize Norway as a sovereign state. Sweden's representatives must consider Sweden's safety, and this can only be done through a cabinet having the full confidence of the riksdag.'

Herr Hammarskjold said that the action of the Norwegian storthing was revolutionary, but it had raised such a storm of in-dignation in Sweden that all parties had rallied to the support of King Oscar, assur-ing him that Sweden would remain faithful, even though Norway hod proved false. Sweden, he said, had received a blow in the face which had awakened the people from their lethargy, and they demanded different action from that taken by the cabinet. The people were disappointed at the cabinet's wavering proposals. The bill, he said, was

uously censured the storthing. It was unworthy of Sweden to commence regotiations with revolutionists, and parllament and the cabinet should propose con-ditions which Sweden would accept, telling Norway that as she had broken away from the union. Sweden would be willing to separate, but that Norway must agree to Sweden's conditions. If Norway did not accept them Sweden should enforce her con-ditions by war. The speaker said he preferred war to the sacrifice of Sweden's honor. The cabinet's proposal to open negotiations with Norway was not acceptable to the people of Sweden.

GENERAL COMMITTEE MEETS.

Reports Made of the Size of C. E. Delegates From States.

The first meeting of the general committee corps of the Christian Endeavor convention was held in Baltimore last night in the 5th Regiment Armory. The reports printed in the Baltimore papers noted over 1,000 persons present, representing the reception. hall and usher committees and others. Mr. W. O. Atwood presided, and addresses were made by him and Messrs. W. C. Perkins, J. O. Moule and Treasurer Baker. Plans were perfected by the vari-

ous committees. The white caps which will be worn by the members of the various committees and which bear labels designating them were worn jast night for the first time and made

an attractive appearance. The following states and localities have signified their intention of sending the number of delegates indicated: Delaware, 150; arrive July 5.

Wisconsin, 150; arrive July 5.
Wisconsin, 150; arrive July 5.
Brooklyn, N. Y., 10; arrive July 5.
Michigan, 50; arrive July 4.
West Virginia, 75; arrive July 4.
Massachusetts, 175; arrive July 5.
Maine, 30; arrive July 5. Illinois, 100; arrive July 4. Missouri, 75; arrive July 5. Nebraska, 75; arrive July 5. New Jersey, 150; arrive July 5. Arkansas, 25; arrive July 5. Connecticut, 50; arrive July 5. New Mexico, 3; arrive July 5. Manitoba 6: arrive July 5 North Dakota, 8; arrive July 5. Indiana, 200; arrive July 5 Iowa, 50; arrive July 5. Ohio, 600; arrive July 4. Florda, 30; arrive July 5.
District of Columbia, 800; arrive July 5. Louisiana, 6; arrive July 5. Quebec, 8; arrive July 5. Vermont, 3; arrive July 5. Pennsylvania, 5,000; arrive July 5.

"Big Frank" McCoy Dead.

"Big Frank" McCoy, bank robber and partner of the late "Jimmy" Hope of Manhattan Bank robbery fame, died at the Metropolitan Hospital on Blackwell's Island. N. Y., yesterday afternoon of a complication of diseases. McCoy had been penniless and almost without friends for years. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital on June 18 from a 3d avenue saloon in a dying condi-

HOPEFUL FOR DEMOCRACY.

Bryan Criticised President and Predicted Return of Democratic Ruie. . While at Des Moines, Iowa, for the purpose of lecturing on the "Price of Peace" before the local Chautauqua, W. J. Bryan submitted a few observations to the interviewer concerning politics, and in the course of his remarks declared that Presi-

troversy. He added: "There is no public question in which I am more interested at this time than the regulation of the railroads. I would not attempt to predict what Congress will do in regard to this question. I am not in the habit of making predictions regarding what Congress will do, especially a republican Congress. But I believe that the President has greatly embarrassed himself in his own efforts to improve the railroad situation by

dent Roosevelt had committed two colossal

his disposition of the Bowen-Loomis con-

blunders in his letter to Paul Morton and

his attitude respecting Mr. Morton.
"The President has grievously erred in "The President has grievously erred in setting the precedent that the individual who has committed the offense may rest in security behind the prosecution of the corporation to which he is attached. In the face of prima facie evidence that the corporation has violated the law the natural assumption is that the officers were cognizant of the offense and permitted it.

"The first step in the prosecution of an offender, such as the Santa Fa is believed. offender, such as the Santa Fe is believed to have been, is to give the officials of the to have been, is to give the officials of the company an opportunity to disprove connection with the giving of rebates. The exemption of Mr. Morton from prosecution because he might not have been as much implicated as others connected with the road raises the question, 'When are we ever to make a beginning if we insist on making a start with the worst offender?'

ing a start with the worst offender?"
"The court must determine the degree of a man's responsibility for the crime. Making an exception of Mr. Morton on personal grounds will inevitably embarrass the President in his future efforts."

dent in his future efforts."

The glaring injustice of deposing from office Herbert W. Bowen, former minister to Venezuela, Mr. Bryan said, was apparent. Bowen was deposed on the charge that he

Bowen was deposed on the charge that he had given to the press information concerning the acts of Loomis while the latter was minister to Venezuela.

"The President's decision in this controversy," declared Mr. Bryan, "Is a matter for keen regret. The worst that can be said against Mr. Bowen is that he was indiscreet if he gave out the information as charged, while Mr. Loomis, in purchasing an interest in claims against the country to an interest in claims against the country to which he was accredited, committed a grave offense."

When asked concerning the present health of the democratic party Mr. Bryan declared with enthusiasm that the democrats were never in better shape or confronted with fairer prospects. He said that the public was fast becoming thoroughly convinced that the hope for rate regulation and tariff reform rested alone with the democratic party, and that it was but a question of a short time when the party would be placed in power.

RAVAGES OF BOLL WEEVIL.

Experiment Station Directors Meet at Agricultural Department.

The directors of experiment stations in the principal cotton-growing states have met at the Department of Agriculture to consider ways and means of fighting the ravages of the cotton boll weevil. The directors were invited to Washington by Secretary Wilson, with a view to bringing about a better understanding between the department and the southern experiment stations. At the same time it was desired to have the directors at the meeting to confer with several branches of the department in reference to other important work in the in reference to other important work in the south. The following directors were present: Dr. R. J. Redding, Georgia; Dr. W. L. Hutchinson, Mississippi; Dr. B. W. Killgore, North Carolina; Dr. W. G. Vincenheller, Arkansas; Dr. P. H. Mell, South Carolina; Dr. J. E. Duggar, Alabama, Dr. W. F. Ded. Dr. J. F. Duggar, Alabama; Dr. W. E. Dodson, Louisiana; Dr. J. Fields, Oklahoma, and Dr. H. A. Morgan, Tennessee.

The directors, accompanied by several officers of the bureau, first visited the Secretary and were received by him in his office. The Secretary made a brief address, stating that the department desired in every way to co-operate with the stations in the important work they were doing, and that it was the policy of the department to hold up the hands of the station workers everywhere. The Secretary pointed out the urgent need for the careful consideration of the changes which must necessarily follow as the boll weevil advances eastward, as it undoubted-

weevir advances eastward, as it undoubted-ly will advance. The meeting was then ad-journed to the lecture room in the office of seed and plant introduction.

Dr. B. T. Galloway, chief of the bureau of plant industry, presided. Dr. S. A. Knapp described the department's co-operative work with farmers on cotton and other crops in Texas.

W. D. Hunter of the bureau of entomology outlined the work that had been done by the department in connection with the cotton boll weevil in Louisiana and Texas. Prof. W. J. Spillman of the bureau of plant industry discussed briefly the object of diversification farms in the south.

THE REVOLT IN POLAND.

Clashes Between Workmen and Mili-

tary-To Appease Reserve Men. The wave of disorder rolling over Russia has appeared at Odessa, where a general strike, accompanied by bloodshed and disorders, has broken out. Dispatches to St. Petersburg report that there were several collisions between the military and the strikers Monday night and Tuesday, in two of which volleys were fired by the troops. No report of the extent of the casualties has been received, the official statement dealing only with the initial encounter Monday night, declaring that two persons were

killed therein. There was another encounter Tuesday afternoon, and a number of attacks were made on individual policemen. A press dispatch reports that 400 armed workmen barricaded a suburb and repulsed the attack of a company of Cossacks. Re-enforcements of three companies of Cossacks were sent to the suburb, but the result of their attack on the strikers is not yet known.

There is little news from Poland, but copies of the Lodz Gazette, giving an account of the demonstration, are eagerly read. telegram to the official agency gives the number of killed and those who died of their wounds on Friday as 164. It adds that others were killed Saturday and Sunday, and that the complete number of vic-tims cannot be stated definitely. Other ac-counts give a total estimate of 500 dead at

Great pains are being taken to appease the reserve men who will be called to the colors at the forthcoming mobilization in Moscow and St. Petersburg. At Moscow, in order to create as little disturbance as possible, it is proposed to take 1.500 men per day for twenty days. The Grand Duch ess Elizabeth is arranging to distribute presents to the men, and a similar course will be pursued at Romny, government of Poltava.

Reports that policemen were killed by a bomb in St. Petersburg June 24 and that a court functionary fired by mistake upon Minister of the Interior Bouligin is denied. A cablegram from Warsaw says: A secret meeting of 200 socialists in the forest of Equierz, near Lodz, was surprised by Cossacks at noon today. Eighteen of the socialists were wounded and 180 arrested. The authorities received information that the meeting was being held and sent a squadron of Cossacks, who surrounded the forest and fired into the socialists, taking them entirely unawares. The wounded were taken to hospitals at Lodz and those arrested were sent to the prison at Lenszyca, twenty miles distant. The authorities are making an insistent search for the socialis leaders. In the course of the search today a number of persons were killed or wound-ed. All the restaurants and liquor stores have been ordered closed.

ADVANCE ON VLADIVOSTOK.

Japanese Army of 100,000 Men Reported in the Movement.

****************************** The Palais Royal

Remnant Day—Thursday is the Palais Royal day. The list for tomorrow will be read with the usual interest, and, as usual, the wise early visitor will carry off the best bargains.

Hats at 98c.

Some Were \$5.

Trimmed Hats for dress and traveling. Reduced from \$2.08. \$3.98 and \$5 to only 98c. Thousands sold at a profit - these last few at a loss. Be an early morning visitor-first choice is important.

Straw Braids, were 10c a yard. 1C Flowers you have seen 15c Ribbons—Remnants of 19c to 7c

Also all kinds of Untrimmed Hats at greatly reduced prices, best of bargains, with services of expert milliners.



Waists at 39c.

One dollar Waists at 39cthe store remnants that come of a great business. On third floor table.

Waists at 69c.

One dollar waists at 60cmanufacturers' remnants among which are all sizes. First floor table, near elevator.

Waists at 98c.

Waists that sold at \$1.98 to \$2.98. All sizes will be here tomorrow morning. Fine waists - but more or less mussed.

\$20 and \$30 Silk Dresses.

Finally reduced prices for the Taffeta Silk Dresses regular patrons will recognize. \$10 instead of \$20, and \$15 instead of \$30. Only a few or the reductions in prices would not be so very great.

29c for 50c. to 75c Neckwear; lace trimmed yokes; collar and cuff sets, various stocks, etc.

black.

19c for 25c Neckwear; styles as quoted above, but a little less 2c for 10c Signet and Agate Hat elaborate. 15c for 50c Veilings; plain dotted Waist Sets. and fancy; some are im-

ported. 9c for best of 121/2c Handker-chiefs; ladies' and gentlemen's. \$8.44 for \$15.00 Cravenette Rain Coats; ladies' summerweight garments.

\$1.88 for \$2.50 Silk Umbrellas in fast colors; also White Parasols.

\$2.98 for \$5 to \$10 Hand Bags; last few of many. 39c for 50c to \$1.00 Belts and Pocketbooks.

9c for 19c English Duck Belts, with military fastenings. for four pairs 16c, 18c and 20c a pair Warranted Dress Shields

Pins, Pearl and Turquoise Shirt for 25c to 50c Sash Pins: plain and jeweled, gold and

18c and 36c for remaining summer stock from a leading Attleboro factory. Choice of thou-sands of pieces. \$1 to \$3.50 for \$2.50 to \$10 Parisian Jewelry; many pieces unique;

5c for 10c Japanese fans; many very attractive styles. 39c for 50c Lisle Thread Gloves; all sizes in all colors; for early morning visitors.

69c for \$1.00 long Silk Lace Mitts. to wear with demi-sleeves waists.

14c for 25c Hosiery; ladies' and children's. Table full near G 39c for French Novelty Hose; imported to retail up to \$1. \$1 for \$1.50 to \$2.50 French Nain-

sook Gowns; lace, embroidery and ribbon trimmed. 33c for 50c to 75c Wash Petti-coats of fast-color Gingham.

75c for \$1.98 French Percale Chemise; hand embroidered. for \$1.00 Shirt Waists; some show marks of window dis-

play and handling. \$1.99 for White Linen and Silk Parasols; some worth \$3.

"Bureau" Trunk, the latest

invention; made to retail \$15.98

size; made to retail at \$15. \$9.98

made; iron bottom and \$1.98

A price surprise.....

Steamer Trunks; covered

with canvas; strongly

Milady's best Dress Trunk, 40-inch

\$2.98 for \$5.00 Trunks. No Charge for Strap, Name and Address.

The season is practically over in the trunk factories. The stores have all been supplied. The surplus productions join the Palais Royal Mill and Factory Sale. The greatest surprise, \$2.98 for \$5 Trunks. A visit to the trunk stores and to this basement floor will determine the matter to your satisfaction and ours.

Club Bags of all kinds, beginning at 69c for usual \$1 bags, \$6.95 gradually rising to...... Shawl Straps, solid leather and best made; sell at 25c to 21c 50c; here at..... Telescope Cases, waterproof canvas, leather corners and

Suit Case, solid cowhide, on steel frame; best \$7.50 \$4.98

Japanese Straw Suit Cases, linking extreme lightness with full \$2.98 strength; \$5 value..... Waterproof Suit Cases. leather

Books at 22c, Some Published at \$1.50.

straps; 50c to \$1.50 sizes; 39c 95c

Take the word of the writer—he knows—that each one of these books is absorbingly interesting. Note, too, that each is substantially cloth-bound, and that some are \$1.50 editions. Some of the titles are

given below: Love Letters of a Violinist..... The Pleasures of Life..... The Throne of David..... The Trumpet Major..... Nature Addresses and Lectures.... The Marble Faun.... Edith Lyle's Secret.... My Danish Sweetheart.... A Matter of Sentiment.... The Master of Beechwood.... The Leighton Homestead.... In the Heart of the Storm..... Silence of Dean Maitland.... Wee Macgreegor.... A Wounded Name.... An Army Wife.... Trumpeter Fred Warrior Gap.... Pride and Prejudice... Sense and Sensibility.... Judith Shakespeare.... A Bid for Fortune.... Dr. Nicola's Experiments.... Fifteen Decisive Battles.... Confessions of a Clarinet Player, and fifty other titles.

The Palais Royal Book and Stationery Store is a Complete One. Fashionable stationery—learn of Palais Royal prices: 12c instead of 25c per pound for "U. S. Army and Navy" Writing Paper, 7c instead of 10c for Envelopes, 17c instead of 25c box for choice of Eaton-Hurlbut's "Highland Linen," Whitney's "French Dimity" and Tiffany Initial Stationery, white

10c to \$2 for Scrap Books, in newly attractive bindings. Great variety. 19c to \$3 for Post Card Albums. New, with dark pages and handy openings. Post Cards from

Playing Cards. Rambler, pack......12c Treasury, pack......17c Army and Navy......17c

15c to 98c for Ward's Albums, for unmounted photographs. Cloth and leather bindings.

25c for Scribner's \$3 edition of "Commercial Cuba." See display in showcase at 11th st. door.

Housekeepers Will Find Best of Bargains Here Tomorrow.

Tally Cards, doz 8c

No list is given-go to basement floor for Housefurnishings and pick up remnants or slightly hurt pieces at next-to-nothing prices. Second floor for Housekeeping Goods-visit the table for rem-

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sion to the Naval Academy:

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so strong in the secondary seat of war has passed all mental examinations for admisspread a hopeless feeling among the staff in regard to coming operations. It is con-vinced now that Field Marshal Oyama has greater preponderance over Gen. Linevitch than he ever had over Gen. Kuro-

patkin.

Japanese had hitherto adhered to the principle of concentrating all their forces on the main points, disregarding the possibilities of secondary expeditions like Sag-halien or Kamschatka. The most serious feature of the present situation is that the Japanese are able to spare Gen. Kasegawa's powerful army from the chief seat of war in Manchuria. The military critic of the Russki, Viedo-mosti urges Russia to seek an early peace. He says that maintaining a defensive war on the Russian frontier would be a hopeess expedient, yet such a war is being widely urged by influential representatives of the ruling bureaucracy. Such tactics of exhaustion could only be effective if Russia's means were limitless and Japan were unable to transfer the war to Rus-sian territory. Such conditions are em-

A cablegram from Peking says: The correspondent of the Associated Press here is informed on good authority that China desires to be represented in the Russo-Japa-

Joseph Jefferson Memorial. Grover Cleveland has shown a lively interest in the movement among the admirers

phatically wanting.

of Joseph Jeerson at Richmond, Va., to build a monument to the actor. Gov. Montague is president of the association. Mr. Cleveland, Melville A. Stone and Richard Watson Gilder are vice presidents. Sub-

inois; G. T. Bayley, New York; A. Barney, An intelligence officer remarked that the Nebraska; E. Bates, Ohio; L. E. Bennage, Ohio; O. A. Bennett, Mississippi; R. H. Bennett, Indiana; G. Bibby, New York; W. D. Billingsley, Mississippi; J. M. Blackwell, Virginia; B. H. Bloebaum, Missouri; H. R. A. Borchard, Illinols, C. H. Boucher, Indiana; F. A. Braested, New York; E. S. R. Brant, New Jersey; R. H. Brewer, Delaware; C. K. Brownson, New York; A. C. Bryant, Alabama; W. P. Bryant, Missouri; G. W. Bunkley, Georgia; H. M. Butler, Ohio; E. N. Caldwell, Kentucky; L. H. Camphell, in Maryland; S. R. Canine. Ohio; E. N. Caldwell, Kentucky; L. H. Campbell, jr., Maryland; S. R. Canine, Texas; W. A. Capron, presidential; L. C. Carey, Maryland; F. S. Carter, Delaware; R. S. Chew, Maryland; R. W. Clark, New York; G. C. Clevenger, Missouri; F. Cole, Wisconsin; B. R. Coleman, Missouri; G. E. Cronin, presidential; C. C. Curtis, Ohio; J. R. Cygon, Mississippi; E. E. Danner, Indiana; F. A. Daubin, Missouri; C. C. Davis, Pennsylvania; J. M. Deel, Tennessee; M. B. Pennsylvania; J. M. Deel, Tennessee; M. B. Demot, Michigan; J. H. S. Dersez, Maryland; H. H. Dick, South Carolina; J. F. Donel-China Wants to Get Into Peace Parley. Son, Oklahoma; A. H. Dresel, presidential; R. Drew, Michigan; C. H. Dunn, Ohio; L. C. Dunn, Mississippi; A. S. Dysart, Wisconsin; H. R. Eccleston, Missouri; A. L. Ede, Nevada; C. M. Elder, Georgia; E. L. Ellington, North Carolina; S. Endel, Louisiana; B. R. Evans, Pennsylvania; S. T. Evans, Ohio; W. C. Fans, Iowa; M. M. Fenner, New York; J. G. Fisher, Nebraska; H. Flood, jr., New York; J. D. Galloway, Wisconsin; B. S. Gay, Pennsylvania; J. B. Glennon, Ohio; R. L. Grey, New Jersey; O. C. Greene, Alabama; R. P. Guiler, Ohio; H. G. Gun-threh, New York; E. G. Haas, Rhode Is-land, K. R. Hare, Wisconsin; J. S. Harris, Arkansas; J. S. Hatcher, Virginia; R. G. Haxton, Indiana; D. I. Heidrick, Ohio; M. Reeves, 1200 F St.

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